

NOTICE TO CONGRESS: MONTHLY UPDATE ON FLOOD MAPPING

Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 and Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014

March 2018



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1. INTRODUCTION

The Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 (Biggert-Waters), as amended by the Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014, directs the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), to notify Members of Congress when constituents in their Districts will be affected by a flood mapping update. Public Law 112-141, div. F, title II, §100216, July 6, 2012, 126 Stat. 927; Pub. L. 113-89, §§27, 30, Mar. 21, 2014, 128 Stat. 1033, 1034; 42 U.S.C. §4101b (d) (1)(G)(i) and (H) (2014). Under Biggert-Waters:

- The Administrator shall not less than 30 days before issuance of any preliminary map, notify the Senators for each State affected and each Member of the House of Representatives for each congressional district affected by the preliminary map in writing of the estimated schedule for:
 - Community meetings regarding the preliminary map
 - o Publication of notices regarding the preliminary map in local newspapers
 - The commencement of the appeals process regarding the map

See Biggert-Waters, as amended, at 42 U.S.C. §4101b (d)(1)(G)(i).¹

Biggert-Waters also states:

• The Administrator shall upon the issuance of any proposed map and any notice of an opportunity to make an appeal relating to the proposed map, notify the Senators for each State affected and each Member of the House of Representatives for each congressional district affected by the proposed map of any action taken by the Administrator with respect to the proposed map or an appeal relating to the proposed map.

See Biggert-Waters, as amended, at 42 U.S.C. §4101b (d)(1)(H).

In accordance with these requirements, this document serves as notification to Congress and provides details on studies with an estimated issuance of preliminary or revised preliminary flood maps in the current month and the next two months, and studies for which preliminary or revised preliminary flood maps and/or Letters of Final Determination (LFD) were issued last month.² LFDs are the actions taken by FEMA to finalize the flood hazard data shown on a preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM). This document also provides details on statutory administrative appeal periods³ (appeal periods) that were initiated and maps that went effective last month.

³ For more details, see "Information on 'Appeal Start' Actions" in Section 4.3.



¹ FEMA is working to develop the additional administrative process required to implement 42 U.S.C. §4101b (d)(1)(G)(ii) and will update this Notice as appropriate.

² For definitions of flood map, LFD, and other terms, please refer to Appendix B.

2. BACKGROUND

Flooding has been, and continues to be, a serious risk in the United States—so serious that most insurance companies have specifically excluded flood damage from homeowners insurance. To address the need, the U.S. Congress established the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) as a Federal program in 1968. The NFIP enabled property owners in participating communities to purchase flood insurance if the community adopted floodplain management ordinances and minimum standards for new construction. However, the owners of existing homes and businesses did not have to rebuild to the higher standards, and many received subsidized rates that did not reflect their true risk.

Biggert-Waters was passed by Congress and signed into law by the President in 2012. The law required changes to all of the major components of the program, including flood insurance, grants, and the management of floodplains, as well as the establishment of a national flood mapping program. Many of the changes are designed to make the NFIP more financially stable and to ensure that flood insurance rates more accurately reflect the real risk of flooding. Biggert-Waters was amended by Congress under the Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014, which was signed by the President in 2014.

FEMA identifies flood hazards, assesses flood risks, and partners with States and communities to provide accurate flood hazard and risk data to encourage communities to take mitigation actions. Flood hazard mapping is an important part of the NFIP, as it is the basis of the NFIP regulations and flood insurance requirements. FEMA maintains and updates data through FIRMs and risk assessments. FIRMs are based on statistical information, such as data for river flow, storm tides, hydrologic/hydraulic analyses, and rainfall and topographic surveys. FEMA uses the best available technical data to identify a community's flood hazards.

Maps identifying flood hazards provide citizens with flood risk information and enable communities to make informed development decisions. With this information, communities are able to adopt and enforce minimum floodplain management regulations that reduce the loss of life and property. These proactive efforts minimize the financial impact of flooding on individuals and businesses and mitigate the effects of flooding on new and improved structures. FEMA, through its Risk Mapping, Assessment, and Planning (Risk MAP) program, releases new flood maps and data as appropriate, giving communities across America access to helpful, authoritative data that they can use to make decisions about flood risk. FEMA is required to review community flood maps every five years and assess whether to revise or update them based on current conditions. To learn more about flood maps and how the Risk MAP program creates and maintains them, please refer to Appendix A.



3. RISK MAP PROGRAM

Flood risks change over time, based on new building and development, weather pattern changes, and other factors. The Risk MAP program assists communities nationwide to assess flood risks and encourages mitigation planning and actions to avoid or minimize damage in the face of future disasters. Through more precise flood maps, risk assessment tools, and outreach support, Risk MAP strengthens local communities' ability to make informed decisions about reducing risk.

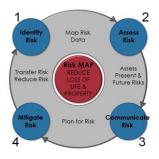
The Risk MAP program includes collaboration with Federal, State, and local stakeholders in communities across the nation to identify, assess, communicate, and mitigate risks. The program aims to address gaps in flood hazard data, provide an enhanced digital platform for the information that is produced, and align risk analysis programs to enhance decision-making. Risk MAP works in conjunction with other FEMA initiatives and supports the NFIP in its efforts to encourage communities to become risk aware and resilient. To learn more about the Risk MAP program, go to http://www.fema.gov/risk-mapping-assessment-planning.

4. NOTIFICATION

Through the implementation of Biggert-Waters and the Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014, FEMA is required to notify Congress of proposed changes to the NFIP flood maps. This document provides that notification, including information on the issuance of proposed map changes (represented as preliminary and revised preliminary flood maps), the initiation of appeal periods, and the issuance of LFDs and effective maps. The information below has been segmented into tables listing studies with an estimated issuance of preliminary and revised preliminary maps for the current month and the next two months. An additional table lists the studies for which the Administrator took an action last month. This table includes the actions by categories (e.g., preliminary maps, appeal starts, revised preliminary maps, or the issuance of an LFD and effective maps). All of the tables identify the FEMA Region, State, and county impacted by the actions. The tables also provide details on the study reference number, status, and estimated or actual dates.

Risk MAP Vision

"The vision for Risk MAP is to deliver quality data that increases public awareness and leads to action that reduces risk to life and property."





4.1. ESTIMATED ISSUANCE OF PRELIMINARY MAPS

Preliminary FIRMs and Flood Insurance Study (FIS) reports include proposed flood hazard information for areas in the counties listed. This information may include the addition or modification of Special Flood Hazard Areas—the areas subject to inundation by the base (1-percent-annual-chance) flood, Base Flood Elevations or depths, flood zone designations, or regulatory floodways (flood hazards). The table below identifies the studies for which FEMA plans to issue a preliminary FIRM and FIS report in March, April, or May 2018. The actual release dates are being determined in coordination with the State and/or local governments.

The quarter shown in the "Estimated Schedule of Community Meeting" column indicates the estimated quarter of the year in which a community meeting for that study might take place after the preliminary FIRM and FIS report are issued. Some studies may require multiple meetings to cover all communities, and the dates could vary. The quarters are based on the calendar year (Quarter 1 = January–March, Quarter 2 = April–June, Quarter 3 = July–September, and Quarter 4 = October–December).

In addition, the "Estimated Schedule of Publishing Notices in Local Newspapers and Starting Appeal Period" column indicates the first quarter in which an appeal period may begin for a community within the study area (marked by the second publication of a notice in the local newspaper). Some studies will require notices to be published in multiple local newspapers so that all communities are notified; each community could, therefore, have different publication dates.

Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Estimated Preliminary Issuance	Estimated Schedule of Community Meetings	Estimated Schedule for Publishing Notices in Local New spapers and Starting Appeal Period
1	MA	Barnstable County	16-01-0273S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
1	MA	Bristol County	16-01-0273S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
1	MA	Norfolk County	16-01-0273S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
1	MA	Plymouth County	16-01-0273S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
1	RI	New port County	16-01-0273S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
2	NY	Erie County	17-02-0322S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
3	MD	Baltimore County	13-03-1975S	May 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	AL	Jefferson County	12-04-1070S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	AL	Shelby County	12-04-1070S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	AL	St. Clair County	12-04-1070S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	FL	Gadsden County	12-04-0466S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	FL	Leon County	12-04-0466S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	FL	Liberty County	12-04-0466S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	FL	Manatee County	13-04-1877S	May 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	FL	Pasco County	13-04-1877S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018



Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Estimated Preliminary Issuance	Estimated Schedule of Community Meetings	Estimated Schedule for Publishing Notices in Local Newspapers and Starting Appeal Period
4	FL	Wakulla County	12-04-0466S	April 2018	Quarter 3, 2018	Quarter 4, 2018
4	GA	Hart County	17-04-4564S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
4	GA	Lincoln County	17-04-4564S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
5	MN	Norman County	16-05-5324S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
5	OH	Fairfield County	12-05-8954S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
5	OH	Scioto County	12-05-8919S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
5	WI	Monroe County	17-05-2645S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
6	ΤХ	Aransas County	15-06-0811S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
6	ΤХ	Burnet County	15-06-1088S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
6	ТХ	San Patricio	15-06-0811S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
6	ΤХ	Williamson County	15-06-1088S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Allamakee County	16-07-2070S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Benton County	17-07-0295S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Cerro Gordo County	16-07-2144S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Clayton County	16-07-2169S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Clinton County	16-07-2175S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Delaw are County	16-07-2177S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Des Moines County	16-07-2202S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Dubuque County	16-07-2220S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Fayette County	16-07-2234S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Floyd County	16-07-2267S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Fremont County	16-07-0307S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Grundy County	17-07-0295S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Hamilton County	16-07-2061S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Henry County	16-07-2275S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Jackson County	16-07-2291S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Jefferson County	16-07-2304S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Jones County	16-07-2309S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Lee County	16-07-2318S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Mills County	16-07-0303S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Mitchell County	16-07-2333S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Muscatine County	16-07-2337S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Scott County	17-07-0052S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	IA	Winnebago County	16-07-2071S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018



Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Estimated Preliminary Issuance	Estimated Schedule of Community Meetings	Estimated Schedule for Publishing Notices in Local New spapers and Starting Appeal Period
7	KS	Wilson County	17-07-0080S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Dunklin County	17-07-0103S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Greene County	17-07-0862S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Livingston County	17-07-0149S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Nodaw ay County	17-07-0158S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Putnam County	17-07-0163S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Randolph County	17-07-0185S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Ripley County	17-07-0183S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Scotland County	17-07-0193S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Shelby County	17-07-0196S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Stoddard County	17-07-0136S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Sullivan County	17-07-0166S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Vernon County	17-07-0170S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Washington County	17-07-0519S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	MO	Wright County	17-07-0198S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	NE	Burt County	16-07-2331S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	NE	Nemaha County	16-07-2345S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
7	NE	Richardson County	16-07-2358S	April 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
8	MT	Golden Valley County	15-08-1413S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
8	MT	Musselshell County	17-08-0803S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
8	MT	Petroleum County	17-08-0803S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
8	MT	Rosebud County	17-08-0803S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
8	MT	Wheatland County	15-08-1413S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
9	AZ	Maricopa County	17-09-0411S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
10	ID	Bannock County	16-10-0563S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
10	WA	Kittitas County	16-10-0626S	March 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018
10	WA	Thurston County	13-10-0367S	May 2018	Quarter 2, 2018	Quarter 3, 2018

*Please use the case number as a reference if contacting FEMA Regional External Affairs for additional information about a study.

4.2. ESTIMATED ISSUANCE OF REVISED PRELIMINARY MAPS

The table below identifies the studies under which FEMA plans to issue revised preliminary maps in March, April, or May 2018. The actual release dates are being determined in coordination with the State and/or local governments.



The information in the table below does not show the estimated dates for community meetings, publications in the local newspapers, or appeal periods, as these processes are often not necessary for revised preliminary mapping products.

Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Estimated Revised Preliminary Issuance
1	ME	Cumberland County	12-01-1059S	March 2018
1	ME	York County	12-01-1061S	March 2018
2	NJ	Bergen County	16-02-0443S	April 2018
3	DE	New Castle County	11-03-2202S	May 2018
4	FL	Martin County	12-04-3653S	March 2018
5	MN	Blue Earth County	07-05-0439S	May 2018
5	MN	Nicollet County	06-05-B980S	May 2018
5	MN	Polk County	17-05-1389S	April 2018
5	MN	Scott County	16-05-4377S	May 2018
5	OH	Warren County	14-05-6084S	March 2018
6	ТХ	Nueces County	05-06-A088S	May 2018
7	MO	Jefferson County	11-07-1077S	April 2018
9	AZ	Maricopa County	15-09-0355S	May 2018
9	AZ	Yavapai County	15-09-1692S	March 2018
9	CA	Los Angeles County	15-09-2881S	March 2018
10	AK	City and Borough of Sitka	14-10-0598S	April 2018
10	ID	Ada County	11-10-0399S	March 2018
10	OR	Clackamas County	12-10-0603S	March 2018
10	WA	Mason County	11-10-0427S	May 2018

*Please use the case number as a reference if contacting FEMA Regional External Affairs for additional information about a study.

4.3. ACTIONS TAKEN BY THE ADMINISTRATOR

The table below identifies the studies under which FEMA issued a preliminary FIRM and FIS report, initiated a 90-day appeal period, issued a revised preliminary FIRM and FIS report, or issued LFDs in February 2018. It also identifies studies that had FIRM panels and FIS reports become effective during the month of February 2018.

Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Action Taken	Date
2	NJ	Atlantic County	15-02-1283S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018
2	NJ	Essex County	17-02-0794S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
2	NJ	Morris County	14-02-2566S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
2	NJ	Passaic County	17-02-0805S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018



Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Action Taken	Date
2	NY	Erie County	17-02-0762S	Appeal Start	2/28/2018
3	PA	Butler County	06-03-A623S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
3	WV	Marion County	14-03-2356S	Appeal Start	2/7/2018
3	WV	Monongalia County	14-03-2356S	Appeal Start	2/7/2018
4	AL	Lauderdale County	12-04-1066S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
4	AL	Law rence County	12-04-1066S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
4	AL	Limestone County	12-04-1066S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
4	AL	Madison County	12-04-1066S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
4	AL	Marshall County	12-04-1066S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
4	AL	Morgan County	12-04-1066S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
4	FL	Glades County	17-04-3875S	Revised Preliminary	2/28/2018
4	FL	Hamilton County	12-04-7916S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018
4	FL	Suw annee County	12-04-7916S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018
4	GA	Bryan County	12-04-0912S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
4	GA	Chatham County	12-04-0914S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
4	GA	Floyd County	13-04-8403S	Appeal Start	2/28/2018
4	GA	Forsyth County	13-04-8403S	Appeal Start	2/28/2018
4	GA	McIntosh County	12-04-0920S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
4	GA	Polk County	13-04-8403S	Appeal Start	2/28/2018
4	KY	Jefferson County	10-04-7840S	Preliminary	2/28/2018
4	MS	Claiborne County	13-04-8486S	Preliminary	2/9/2018
4	MS	Hinds County	13-04-8486S	Preliminary	2/9/2018
4	MS	Madison County	13-04-8486S	Preliminary	2/9/2018
4	MS	Rankin County	14-04-0108S	Preliminary	2/9/2018
4	MS	Scott County	14-04-0108S	Preliminary	2/9/2018
4	MS	Smith County	14-04-0108S	Preliminary	2/9/2018
4	NC	Brunsw ick County	11-04-8240S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018
4	NC	New Hanover County	11-04-6510S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018
4	SC	Abbeville County	13-04-6152S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
4	SC	Aiken County	13-04-6163S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
5	L	Brow n County	11-05-2492S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
5	IL DuPage County		07-05-5715S	Appeal Start	2/28/2018
5	IL Pike County		11-05-2492S	LFD Issued	2/16/2018
5	MI	Charlevoix County	16-05-4378S	Appeal Start	2/14/2018
5	MI	Gladw in County	12-05-2231S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
5	MI	Grand Traverse County	07-05-5605S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018
5	MI	Leelanau County	08-05-3689S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018



Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Action Taken	Date
5	MN	Marshall County	15-05-0583S	Revised Preliminary	2/28/2018
6	AR	Conw ay County	16-06-1679S	Appeal Start	2/21/2018
6	AR	Faulkner County	16-06-1679S	Appeal Start	2/21/2018
6	AR	Pope County	16-06-1679S	Appeal Start	2/21/2018
6	LA	Jefferson Parish	12-06-0629S	Maps Effective	2/2/2018
6	OK	Canadian County	12-06-1030S	Preliminary	2/8/2018
6	ТΧ	Austin County	14-06-1382S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
6	ТХ	Brow n County	16-06-0793S	LFD Issued	2/28/2018
6	ΤХ	Burnet County	13-06-0041S	Appeal Start	2/14/2018
6	ТХ	Calhoun County	15-06-0621S	LFD Issued	2/2/2018
6	ТХ	Cameron County	05-06-A027S	Maps Effective	2/16/2018
6	ТХ	Fort Bend County	14-06-1382S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
6	ТХ	Fort Bend County	14-06-1988S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
6	ТХ	Galveston County	06-06-A614S	Revised Preliminary	2/28/2018
6	ΤХ	Harris County	14-06-1988S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
6	ТХ	Hill County	14-06-1543S	Preliminary	2/15/2018
6	ТΧ	McLennan County	14-06-1543S	Preliminary	2/15/2018
6	TX	Waller County	14-06-1382S	Appeal Start	2/14/2018
6	ТХ	Washington County	14-06-1382S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
6	ТХ	Williamson County	13-06-1181S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018
7	IA	Appanoose County	16-07-0169S	Maps Effective	2/16/2018
7	IA	Clarke County 16-07-0172S Maps Effective		2/16/2018	
7	IA	Decatur County	16-07-0178S	Maps Effective	2/16/2018
7	IA	Lucas County	16-07-0206S	Maps Effective	2/16/2018
7	IA	Marion County	16-07-0209S	Maps Effective	2/16/2018
7	A	Monroe County	16-07-0211S	Maps Effective	2/16/2018
7	A	Wayne County	16-07-0215S	Maps Effective	2/16/2018
7	KS	Montgomery County	15-07-2323S	Appeal Start	2/1/2018
7	MO	Grundy County	17-07-0145S	Preliminary	2/23/2018
7	MO	Knox County	17-07-0179S	Preliminary	2/23/2018
7	MO	Mercer County	17-07-0158S	Preliminary	2/23/2018
8	CO	Boulder County	15-08-1362S	Appeal Start	2/7/2018
8	CO	Broomfield County	15-08-1362S	Appeal Start	2/8/2018
8	MT	Gallatin County	16-08-0886S	Preliminary	2/16/2018
8	MT	Missoula County	15-08-1417S	Appeal Start	2/8/2018
9	AZ	Pinal County	16-09-2300S	Preliminary	2/1/2018



Region	State	County Name	Case Number	Action Taken	Date
10	AK	Ketchikan Gatew ay Borough	14-10-0603S	Appeal Start	2/2/2018
10	WA	Snohomish County	12-10-0359S	Appeal Start	2/15/2018

*Please use the case number as a reference if contacting FEMA Regional External Affairs for additional information about a study.

Information on "Preliminary" Actions

For the studies identified as "Preliminary" in the "Action Taken" column, FEMA provided all affected communities with preliminary copies of the revised FIRM panels and FIS report.

FEMA has posted digital copies of the preliminary FIRM and FIS report materials on the FEMA Map Service Center (MSC) website (*http://www.fema.gov/preliminaryfloodhazarddata*) for public access. In the coming weeks, FEMA will publish a notice of the proposed updates in the *Federal Register*. FEMA also recommends that community officials call further attention to the proposed flood hazard determinations and the appeal process by issuing a press release or other public notice.

The preliminary copies of the FIRM and FIS report will be the basis for a coordination meeting with community officials and residents. The meeting will give community members a chance to review the mapping products and comment or ask questions about the map changes. FEMA will contact each affected community to schedule the coordination meeting. In addition to making the digital copies of the FIRM and FIS report available on the MSC website, FEMA encourages community officials to circulate their copies as widely as possible among elected officials, staff, residents, and other local stakeholders, so that they will have the opportunity to correct or add to the nontechnical information presented on the preliminary products, including the configuration and labeling of physical features such as roads, bridges, and streams. Requests to revise nontechnical information may be provided to FEMA during this community review period, at the community coordination meeting, or during the statutory 90-day appeal period that will follow. Approved changes will be shown on the final FIRM and in the final FIS report.

After the review and appeal periods have ended and all comments and appeals have been addressed, FEMA will initiate the final preparation of the FIRM and FIS report. The new FIRM and FIS report will become effective approximately six months later. Before that date, each community will be reminded of the requirements to adopt new floodplain ordinances or modify existing ordinances, as necessary, to reflect any changes in the FIRM or FIS report. FEMA will provide communities with final copies of the FIRM panels and FIS report before they become effective, and final FIRM and FIS reports will officially be archived on the MSC website at *https://msc.fema.gov*.

Information on "Appeal Start" Actions

The preliminary FIRM panels and FIS report include proposed flood hazard information for certain locations in the counties listed above. This proposed information may include the addition or modification of Special Flood Hazard Areas—the areas subject to inundation by the base flood, Base Flood Elevations or depths, flood zone designations, or regulatory floodways.



The National Flood Insurance Act provides limited rights to appeal proposed flood elevation and flood hazard zone determinations at 42 U.S.C. §4104, and authorizes only any owner or lessee of real property within the community who believes his property rights to be adversely affected by the proposed determination to appeal, or the community on such individual's behalf. The only basis for appeal is the possession of information showing that:

(1) the elevations being proposed by the Administrator with respect to an identified area having special flood hazards are scientifically or technically incorrect, or

(2) the designation of an identified special flood hazard area is scientifically or technically incorrect.

The data must be submitted during the 90-day appeal period for proposed maps in order to satisfy the statutory requirements for an appeal designation or appellant status of the appropriate entity.

For the studies identified as "Appeal Start" in the "Action Taken" column, FEMA published a notice of the proposed updates in the *Federal Register*, along with public notifications of the appeal process in local newspapers. FEMA recommends that community officials call further attention to the proposed flood hazard determinations and the appeal process by issuing a press release or other public notice.

These proposed flood hazard updates, once finalized, will become the basis for the floodplain management measures that communities must adopt for participation in the NFIP. However, before any new or modified flood hazard information is finalized and becomes effective, FEMA provides community officials and residents an opportunity to appeal the proposed flood hazard information presented on the preliminary FIRM panels and FIS report. The appeal procedure is outlined below.

The 90-day appeal period began on the date of the second notification published in the local newspapers. It is important to note that only appeals supported by scientific or technical data will be considered. The appeal data must be submitted to FEMA during the 90-day appeal period, which cannot be extended. FEMA will also consider comments and inquiries regarding information other than the proposed flood hazard determinations (e.g., incorrect street names, typographical errors, or omissions) and will incorporate any appropriate changes before the revised FIRM and FIS report become effective.

FEMA asks that communities review and consolidate any appeal data they receive and issue a written opinion stating whether the evidence provided is sufficient to justify an official appeal. Whether or not a community decides to appeal, it must send copies of individual appeals and any supporting data to FEMA for consideration.

FEMA will resolve all appeals in consultation with local officials, through an administrative hearing, or by submitting the conflicting data to an independent scientific body or appropriate Federal agency for guidance. After other alternatives have been explored, communities may also request a review by a Scientific Resolution Panel (SRP). SRPs are independent panels of experts in hydrology, hydraulics, and other pertinent sciences that are established to review conflicting scientific and technical data and provide recommendations for resolution. An SRP is an option after FEMA and community officials have



been engaged in a collaborative consultation process for at least 60 days without a mutually acceptable resolution of an appeal. FEMA will provide the reports and other information used in making the final determination, for public inspection.

If substantive changes to the preliminary FIRM and FIS report are required after the appeal period, FEMA will send each affected community a revised preliminary copy of the FIRM and FIS report to review. After any appeals and comments regarding those products are resolved, FEMA will send each community an LFD, which finalizes the flood hazard information presented on the FIRM and FIS report and establishes an effective date for the mapping products.

Information on "Revised Preliminary" Actions

For the studies identified as "Revised Preliminary" in the "Action Taken" column, FEMA has provided all affected communities with revised preliminary copies of the FIRM panels and FIS report and is preparing to initiate a statutory 90-day appeal period, if required.

The revised preliminary FIRM and FIS report include proposed flood hazard information for areas in the counties listed. This information may include the addition or modification of Special Flood Hazard Areas—the areas subject to inundation by the base flood, Base Flood Elevations or depths, flood zone designations, or regulatory floodways.

FEMA has posted digital copies of the revised preliminary FIRM and FIS report materials on the FEMA MSC website (*http://www.fema.gov/preliminaryfloodhazarddata*) for public access.

After all comments have been addressed, FEMA will initiate the final preparation of the FIRM and FIS report, which will become effective approximately six months later. Before that date, each community will be reminded of the requirements to adopt new floodplain ordinances or modify existing ordinances, as necessary, to reflect any changes in the FIRM or FIS report. FEMA will provide communities with final copies of the FIRM panels and FIS report before they become effective, and final FIRM and FIS reports will officially be archived on the MSC website at https://msc.fema.gov.

Information on "LFD Issued" Actions

For the studies identified as "LFD Issued" in the "Action Taken" column, FEMA has already provided the communities affected by the updated flood mapping with preliminary copies of the revised FIS report and FIRM. Proposed flood hazard changes were published in local newspapers and in the *Federal Register*. A statutory 90-day appeal period was held, and FEMA resolved any appeals or comments received during that period. Accordingly, the flood hazard designations are now considered final. In compliance with the Code of Federal Regulations (44 CFR 67.11), FEMA has sent a notice of the final flood hazard information to the Chief Executive Officer of all affected communities, all individual appellants, and the State Coordinating Agency, and has published this information in the *Federal Register*. FEMA will provide each affected community with final copies of the updated FIS report and FIRM panels before they become effective in approximately six months. Final FIRM and FIS reports will officially be archived on the MSC website at *https://msc.fema.gov*.



Information on "Maps Effective" Actions

For the studies identified as "Maps Effective" in the "Action Taken" column, the updated FIRM and FIS report issued by FEMA have become effective. Effective FIRMs are used by communities to administer floodplain management regulations and mitigate flood damage. Local citizens use them to determine the flood zone for their property or structure. Lending institutions use them to determine whether flood insurance is required. Once the FIRM becomes effective, insurance rates may be affected for property owners within the communities.

5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Flood mapping information and resources that your staff and constituents may find helpful are available on the FEMA website at *www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program-flood-hazard-mapping*. In addition, the FEMA Map Information Exchange (FMIX) is available to answer questions by telephone, toll free, at 1-877-336-2627 or by email at *FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com*. A list of additional resources is provided in Appendix C.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding the information in this document, please have a member of your staff contact the appropriate FEMA Regional External Affairs Specialist listed below.

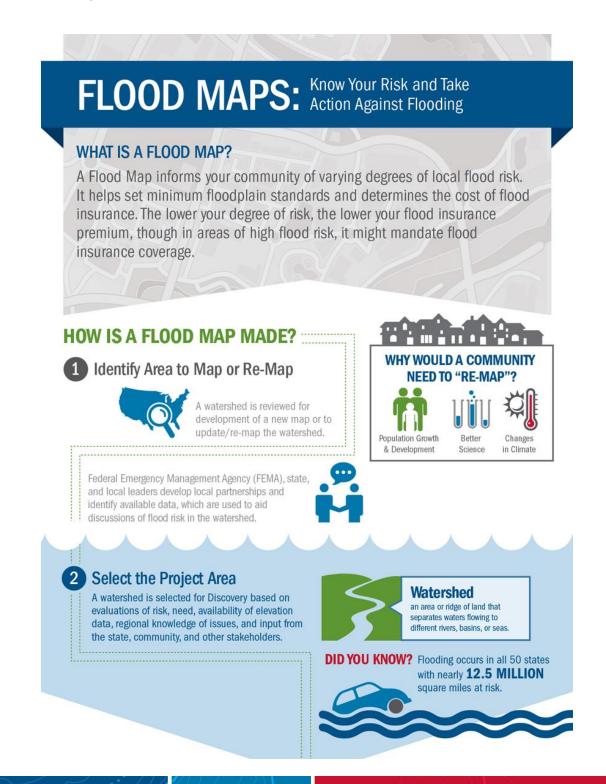
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X	Ryan Ike	425-487-4767	Ryan.Ike@fema.dhs.gov

FEMA Regional External Affairs Specialist Contact List



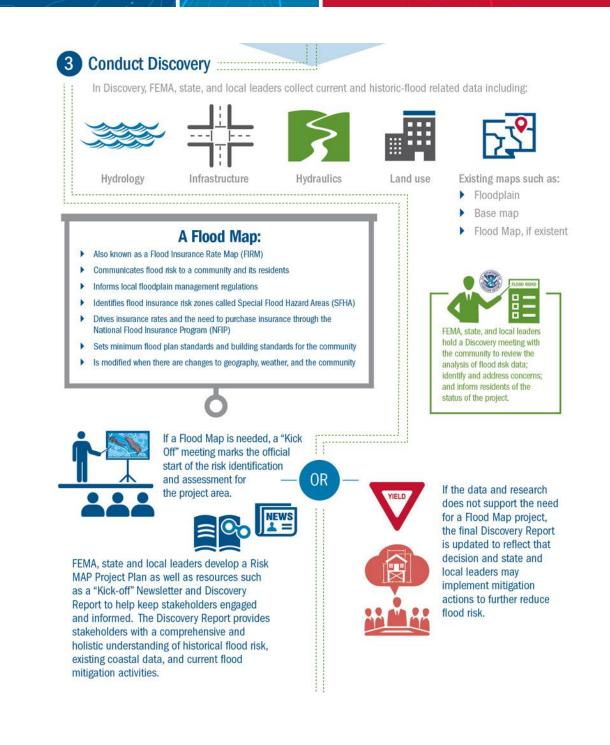
APPENDIX A: FLOOD MAPS

Flood hazard mapping is an important part of the NFIP, as it is the basis for NFIP regulations and flood insurance requirements. The information graphics in this appendix detail the process for flood map creation and updates.

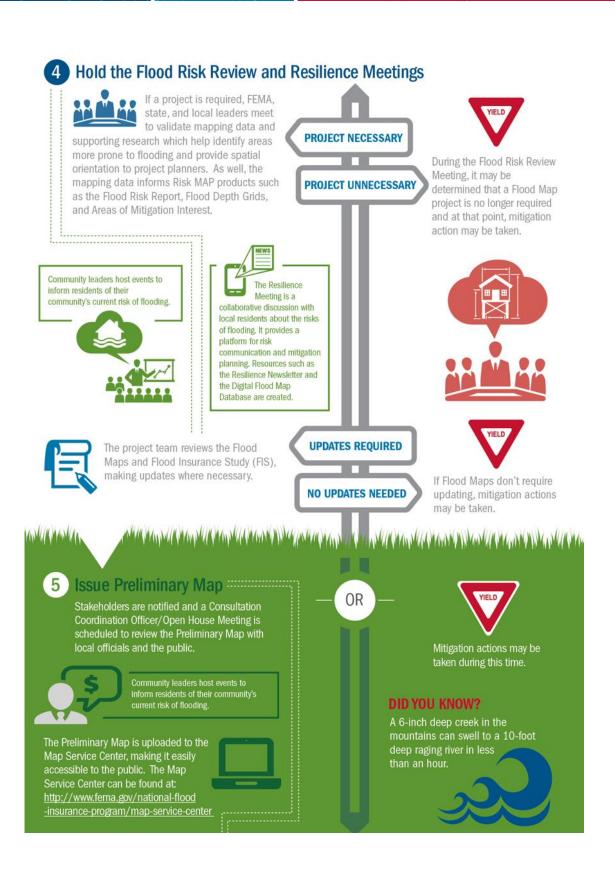




Notice to Congress: Monthly Update on Flood Mapping March 2018









6 Facilitate Public Appeal and Comment Period



Stakeholders have 90 days to submit appeals and/or comments.



Appeals and/or comments are reviewed and Flood Maps may be updated appropriately.



6

If needed, a Scientific Resolution Panel may be called upon to review appeals.



OR



If a property owner thinks their property has been inadvertently mapped in a Special Flood Hazard Area, they may submit a request to FEMA for a LOMC which is an official revision/amendment to an effective Flood Map. If the LOMC request is granted, property owners may be eligible for lower flood insurance premiums, or the option to not purchase flood insurance.

DID YOU KNOW?

Flood Maps are created from sound science. They inform homeowners, business, and local communities of their risk of flood—potentially saving lives and damage to personal property.



7 Issue Letter of Final Determination

A six-month adoption and compliance period begins to allow communities to adopt adequate floodplain management ordinances based on the new Flood Map. Additional mitigation actions are taken, including adopting higher floodplain management standards than the required minimum for NFIP participation.



Mitigation actions may be the deciding outcome, at this point (and no further project



planning takes place).



8 Issue Flood Map

Community leaders monitor and track local developments. Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs) are required within 6 months of project completion for projects that change flood hazards in a specific area.



DID YOU KNOW?

People outside of high-risk areas file over **20%** of National Flood Insurance Program claims and receive <u>one-third</u> of disaster assistance for flooding.

9 Improve Resiliency of Watershed



FEMA and state leaders track and log potential future changes to Flood Maps in accordance to the Coordinated Needs Management Strategy (CNMS), which manages and standardizes mapping needs and provides a more comprehensive and efficient approach.



Final Flood Maps are posted to the online Map Service Center, making it easily accessible to the public. The Map Service Center can be found at: <u>http://www.fema.gov/national-flood-in</u> <u>surance-program/map-service-center</u>



Community implements actions to further reduce the risk of flooding and continues participation in the NFIP.





APPENDIX B: ACRONYMS

Acronym	Term	Definitions
Biggert- Waters	Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012	In July 2012, the U.S. Congress passed the Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012, which calls on the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and other agencies to make a number of changes to the way the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) is run. For more information, please visit https://www.fema.gov/media-library/resources- documents/collections/341
FIRM	Flood Insurance Rate Map	A Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) is an official product on which FEMA has delineated both the Special Flood Hazard Areas and the risk zones applicable to the community. For more information, please visit http://www.fema.gov/flood-insurance-rate-map-firm
FIS	Flood Insurance Study	A Flood Insurance Survey (FIS) is a compilation and presentation of flood risk data for specific watercourses, lakes, and coastal flood hazard areas within a community. For more information, please visit http://www.fema.gov/floodplain-management/flood- insurance-study
FMIX	FEMA Map Information eXchange	The FEMA Map Information eXchange (FMIX) was created in March 2010 to provide a one-stop shop for a variety of information, products, services, and tools that support the NFIP. For more information, please visit http://www.floodmaps.fema.gov/fhm/fmx_main.html
NFIP	National Flood Insurance Program	The NFIP identifies areas of flood risk through analysis and mapping, encourages floodplain management practices through community participation, and offers flood insurance to homeowners, renters, and business owners in participating communities. For more information, please visit https://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program
LFD	Letter of Final Determination	FEMA sends a Letter of Final Determination (LFD) to the Chief Executive Officer of a community as notification that a new or updated FIRM will become effective in six months. For more information, please visit http://www.fema.gov/national-flood- insurance-program-flood-hazard-mapping/letter-final- determination

Table 1: Acronyms and Definitions List



Acronym	Term	Definitions
MSC	Map Service Center	FEMA's Map Service Center (MSC) is the official government distribution center for digital and paper flood hazard mapping products created by FEMA in support of the NFIP. For more information, please visit <i>https://msc.fema.gov</i>
Risk MAP	Risk Mapping, Assessment, and Planning	The vision for the <i>Risk Mapping, Assessment, and Planning</i> (Risk MAP) program is to deliver quality data that increases public awareness and leads to action that reduces risk to life and property. Risk MAP builds on flood hazard data and maps produced during the Flood Map Modernization program. For more information, please visit <i>http://www.fema.gov/risk-mapping-assessment-planning</i>
SRP	Scientific Resolution Panel	The Scientific Resolution Panel (SRP) process reinforces FEMA's commitment to work with communities to ensure that the flood hazard data depicted on FIRMs is built collaboratively, using the best science available. For more information, please visit http://www.fema.gov/media-library-data/1470778879722-e5a7384967fe301cef8bfab130b764a3/SRP_Overview_fixed_link.pdf



APPENDIX C: RESOURCES

The following additional resources provide a better understanding of key elements of this report.

Implementation of the Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 and the Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act	
Website	https://www.fema.gov/media-library/resources- documents/collections/341

National Flood Insurance Program	
Website	https://www.fema.gov/national-flood-insurance-program
Phone	1-888-379-9531 (toll free)
E-mail	floodsmart@fema.dhs.gov
Social Media	Twitter at @NFIPtraining

Risk MAP Program	
Website	http://www.fema.gov/risk-mapping-assessment-planning
Phone	FEMA Map Information Exchange (FMIX)
	1-877-336-2627 (toll free)
E-mail	FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com

