ESF Coordinator:

Support Agencies:

Department of Health and Human Services

Primary Agency:

Department of Health and Human Services

Department of Agriculture Department of Commerce Department of Defense Department of Energy

Department of Homeland Security

Department of the Interior Department of Justice Department of Labor Department of State

Department of Transportation Department of Veterans Affairs Environmental Protection Agency General Services Administration

U.S. Agency for International Development

U.S. Postal Service American Red Cross

INTRODUCTION

Purpose

Emergency Support Function (ESF) #8 – Public Health and Medical Services provides the mechanism for Federal assistance to supplement local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area resources in response to a disaster, emergency, or incident that may lead to a public health, medical, behavioral, or human service emergency, including those that have international implications.

Scope

ESF #8 provides planning and coordination of Federal public health, healthcare delivery, and emergency response systems to minimize and/or prevent health emergencies from occurring; detect and characterize health incidents; provide medical care and human services to those affected; reduce the public health and human service effects on the community; and enhance community resiliency to respond to a disaster. These actions are informed through integrated biosurveillance capability, assessment of health and human service needs, and maintenance of the safety and security of medical products, as well as the safety and defense of food and agricultural products under the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) regulatory authority.

Public health and medical services (e.g., patient movement, patient care, and behavioral healthcare) and support to human services (e.g., addressing individuals with disabilities and others with access and functional needs) are delivered through surge capabilities that augment public health, medical, behavioral, and veterinary functions with health professionals and pharmaceuticals. These services include distribution and delivery of medical countermeasures, equipment and supplies, and technical assistance. These services are provided to mitigate the effects of acute and longer-term threats to the health of the population and maintain the health and safety of responders. ESF #8 disseminates public health information on protective actions related to exposure to health threats or environmental threats (e.g., to potable water and food safety).

Jurisdictional medico-legal authorities are assisted in carrying out fatality management responsibilities by providing specialized teams and equipment to conduct victim identification, grief counseling and consultation, and reunification of human remains and effects to authorized person(s). ESF #8 may continue providing services and ensure a smooth transition to recovery while the community rebuilds their capability and assumes administrative and operational responsibility for services. ESF #8 provides supplemental assistance to local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area governments in the following core functional areas:

- Assessment of public health/medical needs
- Health surveillance
- Medical surge
- Health/medical/veterinary equipment and supplies
- Patient movement
- Patient care
- Safety and security of drugs, biologics, and medical devices
- Blood and tissues
- Food safety and defense
- Agriculture safety and security
- All-hazards public health and medical consultation, technical assistance, and support
- Behavioral healthcare
- Public health and medical information.
- Vector control
- Guidance on potable water/wastewater and solid waste disposal
- Mass fatality management, victim identification, and mitigating health hazards from contaminated remains
- Veterinary medical support

RELATIONSHIP TO THE WHOLE COMMUNITY

This section describes how ESF #8 relates to other elements of the whole community.

Local, State, Tribal, Territorial, and Insular Area Governments

While local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials retain primary responsibility for meeting public health and medical needs, ESF #8 can deploy public health and medical resources to assist as needed.

In a major public health or medical emergency, demand for public health and medical resources may exceed local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area capability. State, tribal, territorial, or insular area jurisdictions may request assistance through the Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC) or may request Federal assistance, which may be executed under the Stafford Act or other authorities. When possible, a recognized spokesperson from the affected public health and medical community (local, state, tribal, territorial, or insular area) delivers relevant health messages.

Private Sector/Nongovernmental Organizations

The vast majority of public health and medical activities and services are provided by the private healthcare sector. ESF #8 augments the support provided by the private healthcare sector when requested by local, state, tribal, territorial, or insular area governments.

ESF #8 works with retail, wholesale, and other similar private industry associations for information sharing, planning, and exercises that would produce mutually beneficial results in coordinating how, when, where, and by whom critical resources will be provided during all types of incidents.

ESF #8 organizations work closely with the private sector (e.g., regulated industries, academic institutions, trade organizations, and advocacy groups); volunteer organizations (e.g., faith-based and neighborhood partnerships); and local and state agencies to coordinate ESF #8 response resources. ESF #8 organizations recognize that leveraging resources from these organizations and individuals with shared interests allows ESF #8 to accomplish its mission in ways that are the least burdensome and most beneficial to the American public and that enhance the resilience of healthcare systems to deliver coordinated and effective care during public health emergencies and mass casualty events.

Nongovernmental organizations, including community-based organizations, are an important partner in recruiting and supporting health professional volunteers and providing medical and counseling services to victims and their families.

Federal Government

Specific information on Federal Government actions is described in the following sections.

CORE CAPABILITIES AND ACTIONS

ESF Roles Aligned to Core Capabilities

The following table lists the response core capabilities that ESF #8 most directly supports along with the related ESF #8 actions. All ESFs support the following core capabilities: Planning, Operational Coordination, and Public Information and Warning.

| Core Capability | ESF #8 – Public Health and Medical Services |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Public Information and Warning | Public Health and Medical Information |
| | Coordinates the Federal public health and medical messaging with jurisdictional officials. |
| | Continuously acquires and assesses information on the incident. Sources of information may include state incident response authorities; officials of the responsible jurisdiction in charge of the disaster scene; and ESF #8 support departments, agencies, and organizations. |
| | Provides public health, behavioral health, disease, and injury prevention information that can be transmitted to members of the general public and responders who are located in or near affected areas in multiple and accessible formats and languages in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner that is understandable to all appropriate populations, such as individuals with access and functional needs; those with limited English proficiency; pediatric populations; populations with disabilities and others with access and functional needs; the aging; and those with temporary or chronic medical conditions. |
| | Supports a Joint Information Center (JIC) in the release of general medical and public health response information to the public. |
| Critical | Patient Movement |
| Transportation | Transports seriously ill or injured patients and medical needs populations from point of injury or casualty collection points in the impacted area to designated reception facilities. |
| | Coordinates the Federal response in support of emergency triage and pre-hospital treatment, patient tracking, distribution, and patient return. This effort is coordinated with Federal and local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area emergency medical services officials. |
| | Provides resources to assist in the movement of at-risk/medically fragile populations to shelter areas and with the sheltering of the special medical needs population that exceeds the state capacity. |
| | Provides private vendor ambulance support to assist in the movement of patients through the National Ambulance Contract. |
| | Provides support for evacuating seriously ill or injured patients though the National Disaster Medical System (NDMS). This is an interagency partnership between the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), the Department of Defense (DOD), and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA). |
| | Support may include providing accessible transportation assets; operating and staffing NDMS patient collection points (e.g., aerial ports of embarkation (APOEs)); and/or establishing Federal Coordinating Centers (FCCs) that conduct patient reception at ports of debarkation (e.g., aerial ports of debarkation (APOD)). |
| | Federal support may also include processing and tracking patient movement from collection points to their final destination reception facilities through final disposition. (Note: DOD is responsible for tracking patients transported on DOD assets to the receiving FCC.) |
| | Provides patient tracking from point of entry to final disposition. |
| | Provides capability to identify bed capacity for the purposes of bed allocation among healthcare treatment networks. |

| Core Capability | ESF #8 - Public Health and Medical Services |
|--|---|
| Environmental Response/Health and Safety | Supports the Worker Safety and Health Support Annex; provides technical assistance; and conducts exposure assessments and risk management to control hazards for response workers and the public. |
| Fatality Management Services | Assists jurisdictional medico-legal authorities and law enforcement agencies in the tracking and documenting of human remains and associated personal effects; reducing the hazard presented by chemically, biologically, or radiologically contaminated human remains (when indicated and possible); establishing temporary morgue facilities; determining the cause and manner of death; collecting ante mortem data in a compassionate and culturally competent fashion from authorized individuals; performing postmortem data collection and documentation; identifying human remains using scientific means (e.g., dental, pathology, anthropology, fingerprints, and, as indicated, DNA samples); and preparing, processing, and returning human remains and personal effects to the authorized person(s) when possible; and providing technical assistance and consultation on fatality management and mortuary affair services. May provide behavioral health support to families of victims during the victim identification mortuary process. May provide for temporary interment when permanent disposition options are not readily available. |
| Mass Care Services | Provides technical expertise and guidance on the public health issues of the medical needs population. Assists with applications for Federal benefits sponsored by HHS and ensures continuity of assistance services in affected states and in |
| | states hosting relocated populations. Provides support for the provision of case management and advocacy services. Provides support for human and/or veterinary mass care sheltering, as resources are available. |
| Logistics and | Health, Medical, and Veterinary Equipment and Supplies |
| Supply Chain Management | Arranges for the procurement and transportation of equipment and supplies; diagnostic supplies; radiation detection devices; and medical countermeasures including assets from the Strategic National Stockpile (SNS); in support of immediate public health, medical and veterinary response operations. |
| | Blood and Tissues |
| | Monitors and ensures the safety, availability, and logistical requirements of blood, blood products and tissue. This includes the ability of the existing supply chain resources to meet the manufacturing, testing, storage, and distribution of these products. |

| Core Capability | ESF #8 – Public Health and Medical Services |
|--|---|
| Public Health, | Health Surveillance |
| Healthcare, and Emergency Medical Services | Uses existing all-hazards surveillance systems to monitor the health of the general and medical needs population, as well as that of response workers, and identify emerging trends related to the disaster; carries out field studies and investigations; monitors injury and disease patterns and potential disease outbreaks, behavioral health concerns, blood, blood products, and tissue supply levels; and provides technical assistance and consultations on disease and injury prevention and precautions. Provides support to laboratory diagnostics and through the Laboratory Response Network (LRN) provides a mechanism for laboratories to access additional resources when the capabilities or capacity have been exceeded. |
| | Medical Surge |
| | Provides support for triage, patient treatment, and patient movement. Provides clinical public health and medical care specialists from the NDMS, U.S. Public Health Service, VA, and DOD to fill local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area health professional needs. |
| | Coordinates with states to integrate Federal assets with civilian volunteers deployed from local, state, and other authorities, including those deployed through the Emergency System for Advance Registration of Volunteer Health Professionals and the Medical Reserve Corps. |
| | Patient Care |
| | Provides resources to support pre-hospital triage and treatment, inpatient hospital care, outpatient services, behavioral healthcare, medical-needs sheltering, pharmacy services, and dental care to victims with acute injury/illnesses or those who suffer from chronic illnesses/conditions. |
| | Assists with isolation and quarantine measures as well as with medical countermeasure and vaccine point of distribution operations (e.g., mass prophylaxis). |
| | • Ensures appropriate patient confidentiality is maintained, including Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act privacy and security standards, where applicable. |
| | Assessment of Public Health/Medical Needs |
| | Supports national or regional teams to assess public health and medical needs. This function includes the assessment of the healthcare system/facility infrastructure. |
| | Food Safety, Security, and Defense |
| | In coordination with ESF #11, may task HHS components and request assistance from other ESF #8 partner organizations to ensure the safety, security, and defense of federally regulated foods. |
| | Agriculture Safety and Security |
| | • In coordination with ESF #11, ESF #8 may task components to ensure the health, safety, and security of livestock and food-producing animals and animal feed, as well as the safety of the manufacture and distribution of foods, drugs, and therapeutics given to animals used for human food production. ESF #8 may also provide veterinary assistance to ESF #11 for the care of research animals. |

| Core Capability | ESF #8 - Public Health and Medical Services |
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| Public Health, | Safety and Security of Drugs, Biologics, and Medical Devices |
| Healthcare, and Emergency Medical Services (continued) | During response, provides advice to private industry regarding the safety and efficacy of drugs; biologics (including blood, blood products, tissues and vaccines); medical devices (including radiation emitting and screening devices); and other products that may have been compromised during an incident and are HHS regulated products. |
| | All-Hazard Public Health and Medical Consultation, Technical Assistance, and Support |
| | Assesses public health, medical, and veterinary medical effects resulting from all hazards. Such tasks may include assessing exposures on the general population, on children, and on those with disabilities and others with access and functional needs; conducting field investigations, including collection and analysis of relevant samples; advising protective actions related to direct human and animal exposures and on indirect exposure through contaminated food, drugs, water supply, and other media; and providing technical assistance and consultation on medical treatment, screening, and decontamination of injured or contaminated individuals. Provides for disaster-related health and behavioral health needs through direct services and/or referrals as necessary. |
| | Vector Control |
| | Assesses the threat of vector-borne diseases. |
| | Conducts field investigations, including the collection and laboratory analysis of relevant samples; provides vector control equipment and supplies. |
| | Provides technical assistance and consultation on protective actions regarding vector-borne diseases. |
| | Provides aerial spraying for vector control |
| | Provides technical assistance and consultation on medical treatment of victims of vector-borne diseases. |
| | Public Health Aspects of Potable Water/Wastewater and Solid Waste Disposal |
| | Assists in assessing potable water, wastewater, solid waste disposal, and other environmental health issues related to public health in establishments holding, preparing, and/or serving food, drugs, or medical devices at retail and medical facilities, as well as examining and responding to public health effects from contaminated water; conducting field investigations, including collection and laboratory analysis of relevant samples; providing equipment and supplies as needed; and providing technical assistance and consultation. |

| Core Capability | ESF #8 – Public Health and Medical Services |
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| Public Health, | Veterinary Medical Support |
| Healthcare, and Emergency Medical Services (continued) | Provides veterinary medical support to treat ill or injured animals, and veterinary public health support through HHS National Veterinary Response Team and veterinary medical officers of the Commissioned Corps of the U.S. Public Health Service. ESF#8 is the primary Federal resource for treatment of ill or injured service animals, pets, working animals, laboratory animals, and livestock post-disaster. Under HHS' statutory authority conduct animal response to zoonotic diseases in order to protect human health. Support the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and its |
| | authority to manage a foreign animal disease response with the resources listed above for livestock or poultry diseases exotic to the United States that are either not or only mildly zoonotic. |

Integration with the National Disaster Recovery Framework

ESF#8 is linked closely with the Health and Social Services Recovery Support Functions (RSF) under the National Disaster Recovery Framework. The Health and Social Services RSF may stand up nearly as early as ESF#8, though initially to focus on planning and information sharing. The ESFs and RSFs coexist and share information about impacts and assistance provided while focusing on their respective core capability. There will be some overlap between ESF and RSF missions, but as the ESF requirements diminish, the RSFs will examine any outstanding ESF activities that are associated with long-term health and social services recovery and determine subsequent actions consistent with the Recovery Federal Interagency Operational Plan (FIOP). From the earliest period following the disaster, ESF#8 will work closely with the Health and Social Services RSF to synchronize the integration of long-term restoration activities as seamlessly as possible.

Agency Actions

| Primary Agency | Actions |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Department of Health and Human | Possesses statutory authority to take specific actions to prepare for, respond to, and recover from public health and medical emergencies. |
| Services (HHS) | Declares a Public Health Emergency through the HHS Secretary. |
| | Assumes operational control of Federal emergency public health and medical response assets, as necessary, in the event of a public health emergency, except for members of the Armed Forces, who remain under the authority and control of the Secretary of Defense. |
| | Leads the Federal effort to provide public health and medical assistance to the affected area in an incident requiring a coordinated Federal response. |
| | Leads the Federal response to international requests for HHS public health and medical assets and coordinates with Federal departments/agencies and international partners on the acceptance of international public health and medical assistance. |
| | Maintains primary responsibility for the situational awareness of public health, medical, and behavioral health assistance; determining the appropriate level of response capability based on the requirement contained in the action request form; and developing status updates and assessments. |
| | Requests ESF #8 organizations to activate and deploy health professional and veterinary personnel, pharmaceuticals, equipment, and supplies in response to requests for Federal assistance, as appropriate. |
| | Assigns HHS personnel (i.e., U.S. Public Health Service Commissioned Corps, NDMS, Federal Civil Service) to address public health, medical, behavioral health, and veterinary needs. |
| | In cooperation with local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials, conducts health surveillance to assess morbidity, mortality, and community needs related to the emergency. |
| | Prepares regional staff to deploy as the Incident Response Coordination Team and to provide initial ESF #8 support to the affected location. |

| Primary Agency | Actions |
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| HHS (continued) | Assists and supports local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials in monitoring for internal patient radiological contamination and administering pharmaceuticals for internal decontamination. |
| | Assists local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials in establishing a registry of individuals potentially exposed to radiation in a radiological/nuclear incident; performing dose reconstruction; and conducting long-term monitoring of this population for potential long- term health effects. |
| | Monitors blood, blood products, and tissue supplies, shortages and reserves. |
| | Liaises with the American Association of Blood Banks (AABB) Interorganizational Task Force on Domestic Disasters and Acts of Terrorism (AABB Task Force) or the American Red Cross to assist in logistical requirements and to coordinate a national public blood announcement message for the need to donate blood. |
| | Activates NDMS as necessary to support response operations. |
| | Deploys or redeploys the SNS or other pharmaceutical or medical resources as appropriate. |
| | Coordinates public health and medical support and patient movement requirements with supporting departments, agencies, and governments throughout the incident. |
| | Assures the safety, defense, and security of food in coordination with other responsible Federal agencies (e.g., USDA). In cooperation with local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials, assesses whether food manufacturing, food processing, food distribution, food service, and food retail establishments in the affected area are able to provide safe food. |
| | Cooperates with local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials as well as the food industry to conduct trace backs and/or recalls of adulterated products. |
| | Cooperates with local, state, tribal, territorial, insular area, and Federal officials to provide guidance regarding the proper disposal of contaminated products and the decontamination of affected food facilities in order to protect public health. |
| | Provides public health risk communication messages and advisories that communicate relevant information on health hazards or other situations that could potentially threaten the public in multiple and accessible formats (e.g. visual public announcements, interpreters, etc.) and in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner. |
| | Disseminates public health information on protective actions related to exposure to health threats or environmental threats. |
| | Notifies or responds to foreign country potential health threats as required by International Health Regulations. |
| | Provides support for public health matters for radiological incidents as a member of the Advisory Team for Environment, Food, and Health. |
| | Consults public health and medical subject matter experts with ESF #8 supporting organizations. This includes partners representing all appropriate populations such as individuals with access and functional needs, which can include pediatric populations, individuals with disabilities, older adults, and individuals with temporary or chronic medical conditions. |

| Support Agency | Actions |
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| Department of Agriculture | Provides nutrition assistance. Ensures the safety and defense of the Nation's supply of meat, |
| | poultry, and processed egg products. Responds to animal and agricultural health and disease management issues. |
| | Collaborates with HHS and the Department of the Interior (DOI) to deliver effective "one health" response that integrates human, animal, plant, and environmental health. |
| | Supports public health matters for radiological incidents as a member of the Advisory Team for Environment, Food, and Health. |
| | Provides technical expertise in support of animal and agricultural emergency management. |
| | United States Forest Service |
| | Provides personnel, equipment, and supplies primarily for communications, aircraft, and base camps for deployed Federal public health and medical teams. |
| Department of | National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration |
| Commerce | Provides near real-time transport, dispersion, and predictions of atmospheric releases of radioactive and hazardous materials that may be used by authorities in taking protective actions related to sheltering and evacuating affected populations. |
| Department of Defense (DOD) | Subject to the availability of resources and the approval of the Secretary of Defense, DOD may perform the following when requested: |
| | Alerts DOD NDMS FCCs and provides specific reporting instructions to support incident relief efforts. |
| | Alerts DOD NDMS FCCs to activate NDMS patient reception plans in a phased, regional approach, and when appropriate, in a national approach, as determined by HHS. |
| | At the request of HHS and in coordination with interagency partners, provides NDMS support for the aeromedical evacuation and medical management of NDMS patients at DoD patient collection points (APOE) to patient reception areas (APOD/FCC). |
| | Coordinates reception, tracking, and management of patients evacuated on DOD assets from the APOE to the APOD, as well as patients received at DOD FCCs and transported to nearby NDMS hospitals and VA hospitals that are available and can provide appropriate care. Provides medical regulation of patients moved on DOD transportation assets. |
| | Provides available logistical support (e.g., transportation) to public health/medical response operations. |
| | Deploys available medical, surgical, and behavioral health personnel for casualty clearing and staging, patient management, and treatment. Deploys healthcare providers in a limited capacity to augment civilian hospital staff and Federal deployable teams, and supports points of medical countermeasure distribution. Deploys chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear (CBRN) medical subject matter experts and/or teams for technical consultation and/or medical support. Mobilizes and deploys available Active Component, Reserve, and/or National Guard medical units or individuals when authorized for public health and medical response. |

| Support Agency | Actions |
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| DOD (continued) | Provides deployable units (e.g., Expeditionary Medical Support System, Combat Support Hospitals) and platforms (e.g., U.S Naval hospital ships, and/or other Naval vessels) for patient medical and/or surgical care. |
| | Provides epidemiological and occupational health support, telemedicine, and other specialized medical support. |
| | Provides available military medical personnel to assist ESF #8 in the protection of public health (e.g., food, water, hygiene, wastewater removal, solid waste disposal, and vector control). |
| | Provides available veterinary personnel to assist in the treatment of animals and in food safety, security, and protection activities. Provides available zoonotic and food surveillance data to ESF #8 and ESF #11 partners (e.g., FDA, USDA). |
| | Provides available DOD medical supplies and materiel for use at points of distribution, hospitals, clinics, or medical care locations operated for exposed populations, incident victims, or ill patients. Provides available DOD medical supplies and materiel for mass care centers. |
| | Assists local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials in the provision of emergency medical, surgical, and behavioral healthcare. |
| | Provides the use of functional DOD military treatment facilities within or near the incident area for medical care of non-Military Healthcare System beneficiaries. |
| | Provides available assistance for human fatality management services including remains collection, remains transport, mortuary services, victim identification, autopsy (if appropriate), and consultation and general assistance with temporary interment sites. Provide technical consultation for chemically or radiologically contaminated or infectious remains. Provides support to Victim Information Centers. Tracks decedents transported on DOD assets to fatality management facilities (e.g., mortuary, funeral home). |
| | Provides evaluation and risk management support through use of Defense Coordinating Officers, Emergency Preparedness Liaison Officers, and Joint Regional Medical Plans and Operations Officers. |
| | Provides available blood, blood products, and tissues in coordination with HHS. |
| | Provides public health and medical surveillance, laboratory diagnostics, and confirmatory testing (e.g., United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Disease, United States Naval Medical Research Center) in coordination with the Laboratory Response Network/HHS and the Integrated Consortium of Laboratory Networks/DHS. |
| | U.S. Army Corps of Engineers |
| | • Through ESF #3, provides technical assistance, equipment, and supplies in support of HHS to accomplish temporary restoration of damaged public utilities affecting public health and medical facilities. Through ESF #3, provides power (e.g. generators) to medical and public health facilities. Through ESF #3 and in coordination with State and local officials, provides site evaluation and site (e.g., ground) preparation for temporary interment of human remains. |

| Support Agency | Actions |
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| Department of Energy/National Nuclear Security | Coordinates Federal assets for external monitoring and decontamination activities for radiological emergencies pursuant to criteria established by the state(s) in conjunction with HHS. |
| Administration (DOE/NNSA) | Provides, in cooperation with other state and Federal agencies, personnel and equipment, including portal monitors to support initial screening; and provides advice and assistance to local, state tribal, territorial, and insular area personnel conducting screening/decontamination of persons leaving a contaminated zone. |
| | Radiological Assistance Program |
| | Provides regional resources (e.g., personnel, specialized equipment, and supplies) to evaluate, control, and mitigate radiological hazards to workers and the public. |
| | Provides limited assistance in the decontamination of victims. |
| | Assists local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials in the monitoring and surveillance of the incident area. |
| | National Atmospheric Release Advisory Capability |
| | Provides near real-time transport, dispersion, and dose predictions of atmospheric releases of radioactive and hazardous materials that may be used by authorities in taking protective actions related to sheltering and evacuation of people. |
| | Federal Radiological Monitoring and Assessment Center (FRMAC) |
| | Assists public health and medical authorities in determining radiological dose information; assists in providing coordinated gathering of environmental radiological information and data; assists with consolidated data sample analyses, evaluations, assessments, and interpretations; and provides technical information. |
| | Radiological Emergency Assistance Center/Training Site |
| | Provides medical advice, specialized training, and on-site assistance for the treatment of all types of radiation exposure accidents. |
| | Through the Cytogenetic Biodosimetry Laboratory (CBL), provides for post-exposure evaluation of radiation dose received. |

| Support Agency | Actions |
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| Department of Homeland Security (DHS) | Provides communications support in coordination with ESF #2. Maintains situational awareness and the common operating picture via the Homeland Security Information Network. Assists in providing information/liaison with emergency management officials in NDMS FCC areas. |
| | Identifies and arranges for use of DHS/U.S. Coast Guard (USCG) search and rescue (SAR) aircraft and other assets in providing urgent airlift and other accessible transportation support: |
| | Provides medical assistance to extracted victims. |
| | Assists in coordinating with local emergency medical systems for transfer of victims to appropriate healthcare facilities. |
| | Conducts search operations for human remains, as mission assigned. |
| | Provides location of human remains to facilitate humane recovery and collection of available forensic/ante-mortem data during course of SAR operations. |
| | Leads the Interagency Modeling and Atmospheric Assessment Center (IMAAC) to coordinate, produce, and disseminate dispersion modeling and hazard prediction products that represent the Federal position during an actual or potential incident to aid emergency responders in protecting the public and environment. |
| | Provides enforcement of international quarantines through DHS/USCG, Customs and Border Protection, and Immigration and Customs Enforcement. |
| | Federal Emergency Management Agency |
| | Provides logistical support for deploying ESF #8 medical elements required and coordinates the use of mobilization centers/staging areas; transportation of resources; use of disaster fuel contracts; emergency meals; potable water; base camp services; supply and equipment resupply; and use of all national contracts and interagency agreements managed by DHS for response operations. |
| | Provides total asset visibility through the use of global positioning system tracking services to enable visibility of some ESF #8 resources through mapping capabilities and reports. |
| | Provides support with the National Ambulance Contract for evacuating patients who are too seriously ill or otherwise incapable of being evacuated in general evacuation conveyances. |
| | Provides tactical communications support through Mobile Emergency Response Support, inclusive of all types (i.e., deployable satellite and radio frequency/radio communications). |
| | Office of Infrastructure Protection |
| | Provides situational awareness, cross-sector coordination, and prioritized recommendations regarding critical infrastructure and key resources. |
| Department of the Interior (DOI) | If available, provides appropriate personnel, equipment, and supplies primarily for communications, aircraft, and the establishment of base camps for deployed Federal public health and medical teams. Resources will be assigned commensurate with each unit's level of training and the adequacy and availability of equipment. ESF #4 or the DOI Operations Center is the contact for this support. |

| Support Agency | Actions |
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| Department of Justice (DOJ) | Acts through the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) to conduct evidence collection and analysis of all CBRN-related materials and controls potential crime scenes. |
| | Assists in victim identification, coordinated through the FBI. |
| | Provides local, state, tribal, territorial, and insular area officials with legal advice concerning identification of the deceased consistent with cultural sensitivity practices. |
| | Provides HHS with relevant information of any credible threat or other situation that could potentially threaten public health. This support is coordinated through FBI headquarters. |
| | Provides security for the SNS and secure movement of inbound medical equipment, supplies, blood, and tissues. |
| | As the Coordinator for ESF #13, provides crowd control at fixed and deployed healthcare facilities for the protection of workers and to address public safety and security. |
| | Provides quarantine assistance. |
| | Establishes an adult missing person call center and assists in the disposition of cases. |
| | Shares missing person data with ESF #6, ESF #8, ESF #13, and the American Red Cross in support of identification of the deceased and seriously wounded. |
| | Supports local death scene investigations and evidence recovery. |
| | Provides guidance, promulgates regulations, conducts investigations and compliance reviews, and enforces Federal civil rights laws, including their application to emergency management. |
| Department of Labor | Coordinates the safety and health assets of Federal departments and agencies designated as cooperating agencies under the NRF Worker Safety and Health Support Annex and of the private sector to provide technical assistance and conduct worker exposure assessment and responder and worker risk management within the Incident Command System. This assistance may include 24/7 site safety monitoring; worker exposure monitoring; health monitoring; sampling and analysis; development and oversight of the site-specific safety and health plan; and personal protective equipment selection, distribution, training, and respirator fit testing. |
| | Provides personnel and management support related to worker safety and health in field operations during ESF #8 deployments. |
| Department of State | Coordinates the diplomatic aspects of international activities related to CBRN incidents and events that pose transborder threats as well as the diplomatic aspects of naturally-occurring disease outbreaks with international implications. |
| | Assists with coordination with foreign states concerning offers of support, gifts, offerings, donations, or other aid. This includes establishing coordination with partner nations to identify the immediate support, validated by the United States, in response to an incident. |
| | Acts as the health and medical services information conduit to U.S. embassies/consulates. |

| Support Agency | Actions |
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| Department of Transportation (DOT) | Collaborates with DOD, the General Services Administration (GSA), and other transportation-providing agencies to provide technical assistance in identifying and arranging for all types of transportation, such as air, rail, marine, and motor vehicle and accessible transportation. |
| | Coordinates with the Federal Aviation Administration for air traffic control support for priority missions. |
| | At the request of ESF #8, provides technical support to assist in arranging logistical movement support (e.g., supplies, equipment, blood supply) from DOT resources, subject to DOT statutory requirements. |
| Department of Veterans Affairs | Subject to the availability of resources and funding, and consistent with the VA mission to provide priority services to veterans, when requested: |
| | Coordinates with participating NDMS hospitals to provide incident- related medical care to authorized NDMS beneficiaries affected by a major disaster or emergency. |
| | Furnishes available VA hospital care and medical services to individuals responding to, involved in, or otherwise affected by a major disaster or emergency, including members of the Armed Forces on active duty. |
| | • Designates and deploys available medical, surgical, mental health, and other health service support assets. |
| | Provides a Medical Emergency Radiological Response Team for technical consultation on the medical management of injuries and illnesses due to exposure to or contamination by ionizing radiation. |
| | Alerts VA FCCs and provides reporting instructions to support incident relief efforts. |
| | Alerts VA FCCs to activate NDMS patient reception plans in a phased, regional approach and when appropriate, in a national approach. |
| | Buries and memorializes eligible veterans and advises on methods for interment of the dead during national or homeland security emergencies. |
| Environmental Protection Agency | Provides technical assistance and environmental information for the assessment of the public health/medical aspects of situations involving hazardous materials, including technical and policy assistance in matters involving water and wastewater systems for critical healthcare facilities. |
| | Provides support for public health matters for radiological incidents by providing assets to the FRMAC under ESF #10 and to the Advisory Team for Environment, Food, and Health. |
| | Assists in identifying alternate water supplies and wastewater collection and treatment for critical healthcare facilities. |
| | Provides environmental technical assistance (e.g., environmental monitoring) and information in the event temporary interment is necessary and/or human remains are contaminated. |
| General Services Administration | Provides resource support for ESF #8 requirements to meet the needs of the affected population, as requested. |
| | Provides contract support for temporary storage capability of human remains in a catastrophic fatality incident, such as refrigerated trucks, trailers, or rail cars. |

| Support Agency | Actions |
|---|---|
| U.S. Agency for International Development | Office of Foreign Disaster Assistance |
| | Assists in the tracking and distribution of international support assets. |
| U.S. Postal Service | Assists in the distribution and transportation of medicine, pharmaceuticals, and medical information to the general public affected by a major disaster or emergency, as needed. |
| American Red Cross | Provides for disaster-related health and behavior health needs through direct services and/or referrals as necessary. |
| | Assists community health personnel subject to staff availability. |
| | Provides mortality and morbidity information to requesting agencies. |
| | Provides supportive counseling for family members of the dead, injured, and others affected by the incident. |
| | Provides information regarding behavioral health surveillance and behavioral health trends to requesting agencies. |
| | Supports NDMS evacuation through the provision of services for accompanying family members/caregivers in coordination with local, state, tribal, territorial, insular area, and Federal officials. |
| | Provides available personnel to assist in temporary infirmaries, immunization clinics, morgues, hospitals, and nursing homes. Assistance consists of administrative support, logistical support, or health services support within clearly defined boundaries. |
| | At the request of HHS, coordinates with the AABB Task Force to provide blood and services as needed through regional blood centers. |
| | Supports reunification efforts through its Safe and Well website and in coordination with government entities as appropriate. |
| | Refers concerns regarding animal healthcare, safety, or welfare to authority having jurisdiction for animal issues. |

